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BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)

Sudan – Complex Emergency

Situation Report #3, Fiscal Year (FY) 2009

December 5, 2008

Note: The last situation report was dated October 31, 2008.

BACKGROUND

In 2008, Sudan continues to cope with the effects of conflict, displacement, and insecurity countrywide. Since 2003, a complex emergency in Sudan’s western region of Darfur has affected more than 4.7 million people, including nearly 2.7 million internally displaced persons (IDPs). In Darfur, fighting among armed opposition factions, the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF), militias, and ethnic groups is ongoing. According to the U.N., clashes have displaced more than 315,000 individuals within Darfur and to eastern Chad since January 2008.

The former Government of Sudan and the southern-based Sudan People’s Liberation Movement (SPLM) continue to implement the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) through the joint Government of National Unity (GNU). The GNU was formed in 2005, the year the parties signed the CPA and officially ended more than two decades of conflict between the north and the south. During the conflict, famine, fighting, and disease killed more than 2 million people, forced an estimated 600,000 Sudanese to seek refuge in neighboring countries, and displaced 4 million others within Sudan. The U.N. estimates that approximately 2.1 million people displaced during the conflict have returned to Southern Sudan and the Three Areas of Southern Kordofan, Blue Nile, and Abyei since 2005, taxing scarce resources and weak infrastructure. In eastern Sudan, the GNU and the Eastern Front opposition coalition signed the Eastern Sudan Peace Agreement in 2006, but the area remains underdeveloped and slow to recover from decades of conflict.

The U.S. Government (USG) is the largest bilateral donor to Sudan and has contributed more than \$3 billion for humanitarian programs in Sudan and eastern Chad since FY 2004. The USG continues to support the implementation of the CPA and joins the international community in seeking a peaceful resolution to the conflict in Darfur. On October 16, 2008, U.S. Chargé d’Affaires Alberto M. Fernandez renewed the disaster declaration for the complex emergency in Sudan for FY 2009. The U.S. Mission in Sudan has declared disasters due to the complex emergency on an annual basis since 1987.

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE		SOURCE
IDPs in Sudan	From Southern Sudan: 2.7 million	UNHCR ¹ – October 2008
	In Darfur: 2.7 million	OCHA ² – October 2008
	In Eastern Sudan: 168,000	U.N. – September 2007
Sudanese Refugees	From Darfur: 250,000	UNHCR – June 2008
	From Southern Sudan: 215,000	UNHCR – September 2008
	Returns to Southern Sudan: 294,500	UNHCR – October 2008
Refugees in Sudan	From Eritrea, Chad, Ethiopia, and others: 227,664	UNHCR – August 2008

HUMANITARIAN FUNDING PROVIDED TO DATE (IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009)

USAID/OFDA³ Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad\$146,402,096
USAID/FFP⁴ Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad\$947,849,000
State/PRM⁵ Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad\$116,512,456
Total USAID and State Humanitarian Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad.....\$1,210,763,552

CURRENT SITUATION IN DARFUR

Fighting between armed opposition groups and SAF and allied militias continued throughout November, despite the November 12 announcement of an immediate, unconditional ceasefire in Darfur. Banditry and attacks on humanitarian workers hampered the provision of relief assistance in Darfur,

and insecurity or intimidation forced at least three non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to temporarily relocate staff.

On November 18, the GNU announced the extension of the Moratorium on Restrictions until January 31, 2010. The year-long extension enables the

¹ Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

² U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

³ USAID’s Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA)

⁴ USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP)

⁵ U.S. Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

humanitarian community to continue relief operations in Darfur and facilitates administrative procedures for aid organizations.

From November 24 to 30, U.N. Under-Secretary General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator John Holmes traveled to Darfur, Khartoum, the Three Areas, and Southern Sudan to assess the humanitarian and security situation. In Darfur, Holmes met with NGOs, GNU officials, and IDP representatives to discuss security for relief workers, civilian protection, and GNU cooperation with NGOs. Holmes reported deteriorating conditions in Darfur, citing continuing violence and restricted access for humanitarian workers, particularly in South Darfur. In Khartoum, Holmes met with GNU officials to discuss bureaucratic obstacles to humanitarian program implementation.

Security and Humanitarian Access

In November, attacks against aid workers, clashes, and bureaucratic impediments continued to limit humanitarian access to affected populations in Darfur. As of November 30, OCHA reported that bandits and other assailants had killed 11 humanitarian workers, hijacked 261 vehicles, broken into 172 humanitarian compounds, and abducted 189 staff since January 1, 2008, up from 225 hijacked vehicles, 144 assaults on humanitarian compounds, and 170 staff abductions in early October. According to the U.N. World Food Program (WFP), insecurity prevented humanitarian access to more than 272,000 people in Darfur in October, the highest number of inaccessible people to date in 2008. In addition, NGOs have relocated 25 times in 2008 due to intimidation of and attacks on humanitarian staff.

On November 7, armed assailants hijacked seven WFP-contracted trucks transporting 114 metric tons (MT) of mixed food commodities from the WFP logistics hub in El Obeid, Northern Kordofan, toward Ed Daein, South Darfur. As of November 13, five of the seven trucks and five WFP-contracted drivers remained missing. To date in 2008, assailants have hijacked a total of 110 WFP-contracted trucks, 71 of which remain missing.

On November 12, Sudanese President Omar al-Bashir announced an unconditional, immediate ceasefire in all areas of Darfur. However, the U.N. confirmed SAF aerial bombardments near a key transport route in North Darfur from November 15 to 16, as well as additional aerial attacks on Abu Dungal village, South Darfur, from November 21 to 22. The U.N. has not yet confirmed the number of displaced individuals as a result of the attacks. On November 26, the U.N. called on the Sudanese government and armed opposition groups to cease hostilities and requested that the government honor pledges to implement the November 12 ceasefire.

On December 1, tensions erupted between Arab militia members and IDP residents in Hissa Hissa IDP camp in South Darfur. According to the U.N.–African Union Mission in Darfur (UNAMID), at least 10 armed individuals fired shots at a camp water pump and set the pump and five generators on fire. The incident resulted in a clash between IDP residents and the militia. A UNAMID team deployed to the area to monitor the situation.

Food Security and Nutrition

Beginning in May, delivery delays due to attacks on WFP-contracted trucks led to reduced rations for more than 2.5 million Darfuris. On November 18, WFP reported plans to continue distributing a reduced food aid ration throughout Darfur in December. However, despite continued insecurity, WFP noted that the rate of food aid dispatches to Darfur has improved significantly. WFP was able to meet 101 percent of the dispatch target for November due to the re-opening of the southern corridor from El Obeid to Nyala via Ed Daein.

As of November 18, WFP, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF), and the GNU had completed data collection for the 2008/2009 Darfur Food Security and Livelihood Assessment (DFSLA) and the Darfur Nutrition Assessment (DNA) in 44 out of the 45 targeted locations. Assessment teams were unable to evaluate food security and nutrition conditions in one location in North Darfur due to insecurity. Data entry is ongoing, and the final report is scheduled for release by the end of January 2009. The findings of the DFSLA, the DNA, and planned post-harvest assessments will assist WFP in determining future food basket composition and ration size.

Health and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

In early October, inter-ethnic fighting near Muhajeria town, South Darfur, displaced nearly 13,000 people to areas surrounding Muhajeria and Shearia towns in Shearia locality, South Darfur. According to the results of a mid-November OCHA assessment, tension between Birgit and Zaghawa ethnic groups is restricting IDP movement, including access to water sources, near Shearia and Muhajeria towns. Currently, IDPs rely on UNAMID patrols, which occur three times per week, to provide security while IDPs collect water. Based on the assessment, OCHA is recommending increased UNAMID patrols in the area, water container distribution to improve household water storage capacity, and expanded health services. USAID/OFDA supports water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions, as well as protection and agriculture and food security programs, throughout Shearia locality, South Darfur.

CURRENT SITUATION IN SUDAN, EXCLUDING DARFUR

In November, humanitarian agencies continued to respond to the effects of localized flooding in Southern Sudan and provide assistance to IDPs and refugees in Western Equatoria State. From November 27 to 28, U.N. Under-Secretary General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator John Holmes visited Southern Sudan and the Three Areas. Holmes pledged continuing U.N. support for recovery and rehabilitation in Southern Sudan and the Three Areas and stressed the need to demonstrate peace dividends by providing basic services.

Floods

In November, USAID and implementing partners continued to monitor flood-related damage and needs in Southern Sudan. As of November 24, flooding continued in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Lakes, Jonglei, and Upper Nile states, affecting a total of 50,900 individuals, according to OCHA. The seasonal flooding particularly affected Upper Nile State, where interagency assessments during the week of October 31 confirmed the need for emergency shelter, relief commodities, and food assistance. As a result of the assessment, WFP provided a 30-day food ration to 22,400 individuals in Mabaan County, Upper Nile State. In addition, humanitarian agencies have provided relief commodities and emergency shelter materials to flood-affected residents of Mabaan County, as well as individuals in Jonglei State. USAID/OFDA supports the distribution of emergency relief supplies, as well as health, agriculture and food security, livelihoods, and water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Jonglei, and Upper Nile states.

Agriculture and Food Security

A USAID-funded Famine Early Warning Network (FEWS NET) food security update released in November reported improved Southern Sudan crop performance in 2008 in comparison to 2007, despite late flooding. FEWS NET noted that floodwaters are receding in Mabaan County, Unity State; Okobo County, Jonglei State; and Aweil County, Northern Bahr el Ghazal State, raising prospects that improved fish access will offset flood-induced crop shortfalls. FEWS NET has identified pockets of food insecurity in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Warab, Jonglei, and Upper Nile states and continues to monitor the situation.

Population Movements

As of November 30, UNHCR had confirmed the displacement of more than 4,500 refugees from the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) to Western Equatoria State in Southern Sudan since late September. In addition, conflict in Sudan–DRC border regions has displaced 2,000 Sudanese IDPs to date, according to OCHA. UNHCR is working with partner agencies and the Southern Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Commission to address urgent food,

medical assistance, and shelter needs of the displaced populations. On November 27, an interagency assessment team visited possible relocation sites for the DRC refugees. Humanitarian agencies plan to supply the new site with safe drinking water, sanitation facilities, and health services prior to the relocation.

Health and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

In November, health workers in Southern Sudan responded to reported cases of polio, acute watery diarrhea, and measles. On November 22, the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO) reported that health workers had confirmed seven polio cases in Southern Sudan since January 1, 2008, while 414 reported cases have been confirmed as non-polio illnesses. Polio is spread through contaminated food and is often found in areas with inadequate sanitation. In August and September, the Government of Southern Sudan Ministry of Health (MOH) conducted a polio immunization campaign in Southern Sudan to control the spread of the disease. However, heavy rains and floods prevented access to all areas. From November 24 to 26, state MOHs and humanitarian partners supported a series of polio vaccination campaigns targeting children under five years of age in Jonglei, Eastern Equatoria, Central Equatoria, Upper Nile, and Northern Bahr el Ghazal states, according to OCHA.

In Northern Bahr el Ghazal State, health workers have reported increasing numbers of acute watery diarrhea cases, with 348 cases and 4 deaths reported during the week of November 24. To improve water, sanitation, and hygiene conditions, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) has procured 5,000 water purification filters for distribution in affected areas.

According to the U.N. Resident Coordinator's Office, health workers have reported increasing incidence of measles in Longichuk County, Upper Nile State, leading to a total of 42 deaths. The rise in measles cases is occurring despite several measles vaccination campaigns conducted in Longichuk County in 2008. UNICEF, NGOs, and the Upper Nile State MOH are discussing potential response options.

Returns

On November 16, the U.N. Mission in Sudan Returns, Reintegration, and Recovery (UNMIS RRR) Section reported that the rate of spontaneous returns had increased throughout Sudan since early November. With the recent end of the rainy season and the establishment of the Abyei Area Administration, UNMIS RRR, UNHCR, and local government officials are planning for increased returns. UNHCR has assisted more than 60,000 Sudanese refugees to return to Sudan in 2008, bringing the total number of UNHCR-assisted refugee returns to more than 137,000. In the coming months, UNHCR plans to repatriate more than 6,400 refugees from Ethiopia, Uganda, Kenya, and Egypt to Upper Nile and Jonglei states.

USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN AND EASTERN CHAD IN FY 2009			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
FY 2009 DARFUR, SUDAN			
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Darfur-wide	\$657,279
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$657,279
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	168,387 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$232,934,100
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$232,934,100
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR in FY 2009			\$233,591,379
FY 2009 EASTERN CHAD			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
USAID	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Eastern Chad	\$5,409
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Eastern Chad	\$65,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$70,409
FY 2009 USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	45,340 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$71,990,400
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$71,990,400
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD in FY 2009			\$72,060,809
FY 2009 SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR			
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
German Agro Action	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Kordofan	\$1,249,876
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Sudan-wide	\$57,041
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$1,306,917
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	52,593 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan, Three Areas, Eastern Sudan	\$72,753,700
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$72,753,700
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR IN FY 2009			\$74,060,617

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN AND EASTERN CHAD			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
FY 2008 DARFUR, SUDAN			
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
Action Contre la Faim (ACF)	Nutrition	South Darfur	\$3,950,000
ACF	Risk Reduction	North Darfur	\$60,000
American Refugee Committee (ARC)	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	South Darfur	\$3,999,984
CARE	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Darfur-wide	\$6,485,210
CHF International	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	North Darfur	\$256,034
CHF International	Agriculture and Food Security, Economy and Market Systems, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	North Darfur, South Darfur	\$5,499,763

Concern Worldwide	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$2,719,193
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$2,500,009
FAO	Agriculture and Food Security	Darfur-wide	\$1,500,000
GOAL	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	North Darfur	\$1,200,000
Humedica	Health	South Darfur	\$704,913
International Medical Corps (IMC)	Health	South Darfur, West Darfur	\$4,450,000
IOM	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$500,598
International Rescue Committee (IRC)	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Darfur-wide	\$3,000,000
Medair	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$1,838,315
Merlin	Health	South Darfur	\$1,395,811
Mercy Corps	Economy and Market Systems, Logistics and Relief Supplies, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$4,499,966
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$4,000,000
Relief International	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Nutrition	North Darfur	\$1,500,000
Samaritan's Purse	Food Security and Agriculture, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	South Darfur	\$2,548,971
Save the Children/US (SC/US)	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Nutrition, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$5,500,000
Solidarités	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$1,000,000
Solidarités	Agriculture and Food Security, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	South Darfur	\$1,275,000
Tearfund	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$1,800,000
Terre Des Hommes	Protection, Shelter and Settlements	West Darfur	\$750,000
The United Methodist Committee on Relief	Agriculture and Food Security, Shelter and Settlements, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	South Darfur	\$1,750,000
U.N. Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)	Humanitarian Air Service	Darfur-wide	\$7,000,000
UNHCR	Protection	Darfur-wide	\$1,500,000
UNICEF	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Darfur-wide	\$2,250,000
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Darfur-wide	\$7,000,000
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Darfur-wide	\$5,108,529

WHO	Health	Darfur-wide	\$2,200,000
WFP	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Darfur-wide	\$700,000
World Relief	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	West Darfur	\$656,227
World Vision/US	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	South Darfur	\$2,000,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$93,098,523
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	304,219 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$381,054,400
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$381,054,400
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
ICRC	Protection and Assistance for IDPs	Darfur-wide	\$24,000,000
UNHCR	Protection of IDPs and Chadian Refugees	Darfur-wide	\$10,000,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$34,000,000
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR in FY 2008			\$474,152,923
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR in FY 2008			\$508,152,923
USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
ACF	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Dar Sila	\$500,000
ACTED	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Dar Sila	\$481,980
Air Serv International (ASI)	Humanitarian Air Service	Dar Sila	\$729,975
CRS	Agriculture and Food Security	Ouaddai, Wadi Fira	\$400,000
FAO	Agriculture and Food Security	Eastern Chad	\$522,283
IMC	Health	Ouaddai, Wadi Fira	\$950,000
Mentor	Health	Dar Sila, Salamat, Ouaddai	\$500,000
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Eastern Chad	\$850,000
UNHAS	Humanitarian Air Service	Eastern Chad	\$300,000
UNICEF	Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Eastern Chad	\$500,000
USAID Stockpile	Relief Commodities	Eastern Chad	\$78,900
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Eastern Chad	\$188,879
World Concern Development Organization (WCDO)	Agriculture and Food Security	Dar Sila	\$809,490
WFP	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Eastern Chad	\$250,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$7,061,507
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	46,960 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$57,255,700
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$57,255,700
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
ASI	Humanitarian Air Services	Eastern Chad	\$1,898,324
Africare	Refugee Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$700,000
CARE	Education	Eastern Chad	\$603,103
Christian Children's Fund	Psychosocial, Protection	Eastern Chad	\$399,999
CRS	Community Services, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$517,696
Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society	Psychosocial Services	Eastern Chad	\$500,000

International Committee of the Red Cross	Protection and Assistance to Conflict Victims	Eastern Chad	\$4,600,000
International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies/Chad (IFRC/Chad)	Health, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$1,100,000
IMC	Health	Eastern Chad	\$2,000,000
International Relief and Development (IRD)	Livelihoods, Animal Husbandry	Eastern Chad	\$75,000
InterNews	Humanitarian Information Service	Eastern Chad	\$800,000
IRC	Multi-sectoral Refugee Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$2,350,000
Refugee Education Trust	Secondary and Vocational Education	Eastern Chad	\$850,000
UNHAS	Humanitarian Air Services	Eastern Chad	\$2,100,000
UNHCR	IDP Protection and Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$3,480,000
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$21,700,000
UNICEF	Health, Education, and Child Protection	Eastern Chad	\$2,000,000
U.N. Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad (MINURCAT)	Protection and Police Activities	Eastern Chad	\$2,000,000
WCDO	Environmental Conservation	Eastern Chad	\$449,860
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$48,123,982
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD in FY 2008			\$64,317,207
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD in FY 2008			\$112,441,189
FY 2008 SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR			
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
ACTED	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Western Bahr el Ghazal	\$1,000,000
Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)	Health, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Upper Nile, Eastern Equatoria, White Nile, Jonglei	\$2,064,658
ARC	Health	Eastern Equatoria, Central Equatoria	\$1,086,066
CARE	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Kordofan	\$815,315
CHF International	Economy and Market Systems and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Central Equatoria	\$1,602,681
Concern Worldwide	Agriculture and Food Security, Logistics and Relief Commodities	Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Southern Kordofan	\$1,200,553
Concern Worldwide	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Kordofan	\$1,007,586
CRS	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Eastern Equatoria, Jonglei	\$2,564,023
Christian Mission Aid	Health	Upper Nile, Jonglei	\$716,000
FAO	Agriculture and Food Security	Kassala, Red Sea	\$500,000
Food for the Hungry International (FHI)	Agriculture and Food Security, Logistics and Relief Commodities	Upper Nile	\$793,055
GOAL	Health	Warab, Blue Nile	\$3,000,000
IOM	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Southern Sudan-wide	\$2,000,250
IOM	Health; Logistics and Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Northern Sudan, Southern Kordofan, Bahr el Ghazal, Abyei, Equatoria	\$1,993,929
IRC	Health	Northern Bahr el Ghazal	\$621,723

Mercy Corps	Agriculture and Food Security, Economy and Market Systems	Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Southern Kordofan, Unity, Blue Nile, Abyei	\$2,999,990
Norwegian People's Aid (NPA)	Agriculture and Food Security	Upper Nile, Jonglei	\$2,497,755
NPA	Economy and Market Systems	Upper Nile, Central Equatoria, Jonglei	\$500,000
Pact	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Upper Nile, Jonglei, Unity	\$1,000,000
Pact	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Warab, Southern Kordofan, Unity	\$1,500,000
SC/US	Health	Upper Nile, Jonglei	\$2,000,000
SC/US	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Kordofan, Abyei	\$3,499,384
SC/US	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Kordofan	\$3,000,000
Samaritan's Purse	Economy and Market Systems	Southern Kordofan	\$250,000
Tearfund	Health	Northern Bahr el Ghazal	\$401,644
UNHAS	Humanitarian Air Service	Southern Kordofan, Blue Nile, Abyei	\$250,000
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Sudan-wide	\$1,296,789
Vétérinaires Sans Frontières	Agriculture and Food Security	Upper Nile, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Warab, Eastern Equatoria, Central Equatoria, Unity, Jonglei	\$849,898
World Relief	Health	Unity, Jonglei	\$716,710
World Vision/US	Agriculture and Food Security, Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Upper Nile, Warab, Jonglei	\$1,349,453
World Vision/US	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Southern Blue Nile	\$1,000,000
ZOA Refugee Care	Health	Central Equatoria	\$129,999
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$44,207,461
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
ADRA	730 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	White Nile	\$994,800
CARE	1,500 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Northern Sudan	\$1,466,700
CRS	3,950 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan	\$5,781,900
NPA	7,140 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan	\$9,795,900
WFP	90,871 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan, Eastern Sudan, and Three Areas	\$113,821,400
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$131,860,700
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
ADRA	Health, Agriculture	Jonglei	799,998
ARC	Gender-Based Violence (GBV) Prevention and Response	Central Equatoria	328,661
ARC	Reintegration	Eastern Equatoria	\$1,251,970
CHF International	GBV Prevention and Response	Central Equatoria, Eastern Equatoria, Jonglei	\$398,930
Counterpart International	Girls' Education and Income Generation	Eastern Equatoria	\$599,913
FHI	Education, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Upper Nile, Jonglei	\$508,048
IMC	Integrated Health	Southern Sudan	\$1,803,869

IRD	Conflict Prevention, Livelihoods	Upper Nile	\$499,968
IOM	Transport and Logistics	Southern Sudan	\$2,000,000
IRC	GBV Prevention and Response	Blue Nile	\$349,770
Jesuit Refugee Service	Education	Eastern Equatoria	\$314,527
Mines Advisory Group	Mine Risk Education	Eastern Equatoria	\$107,820
Pact	Water	Southern Sudan	\$770,000
Relief International	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Upper Nile	\$500,000
SC/US	Health, Education, Protection	Upper Nile	\$1,500,000
UNHCR	Repatriation and Integration Assistance	Southern Sudan	\$18,900,000
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance	Sudan-wide	\$2,800,000
World Vision	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene, Education, Access to Food and Income	Jonglei	\$955,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$34,388,474
TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR IN FY 2008			\$176,068,161
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR IN FY 2008			\$210,456,635
TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN AND EASTERN CHAD IN FY 2008			\$831,050,747

¹USAID/OFDA funding represents obligated amounts as of December 5, 2008.

²Estimated value of food assistance.



Ky Luu
Director
Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance