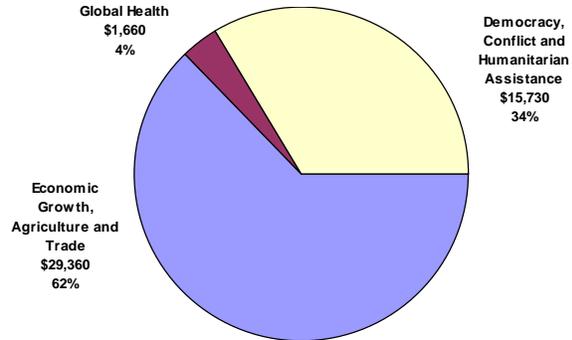
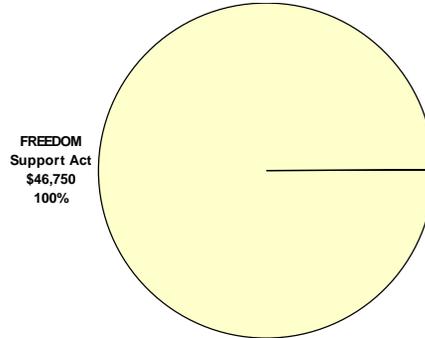


Eurasia Regional

FY 2006 Assistance by Sector



FY 2006 Assistance by Account



Objectives and Budget

Objective	SO Number	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
Fiscal Reform	110-0120	1,372	145	177
Private Enterprise Development	110-0130	1,471	549	760
Strengthening the Financial Sector	110-0140	573	88	465
Sustainable Energy Systems	110-0150	898	1,045	1,250
Better Environmental Management	110-0160	994	720	650
Democracy and Governance	110-0200		424	1,027
Civil Society	110-0210	895		
Rule of Law	110-0220	1,438		
Local Government and Urban Development	110-0230	235		
Health Promotion and Care	110-0320	4,562	1,260	1,660
Social Sector Reform	110-0340	670	436	700
Cross-Cutting Programs	110-0420	1,822	5,411	3,371
Strengthened Humanitarian Responses to Crises	123-0310	2,000	2,000	1,750
Transfers		19,160	31,142	34,940
Total (in thousands of dollars)		36,090	43,220	46,750

Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator: Roberta Mahoney

The Development Challenge: The challenge facing Eurasia today is to sustain and further the key democratic, economic, and social reforms now underway. While progress is being made, the remaining challenges are formidable. USAID's review of country performance, which takes into account over two dozen transition indicators, shows that the region lags far behind the Europe "northern tier" graduate countries and increasingly behind countries in south-east Europe.

While early democratic reforms across the region and recent developments in Georgia and Ukraine are encouraging, lack of democratic reform in several countries along with setbacks to democratic development in others is a major challenge. Authoritarian rule remains the norm in the majority of the Eurasian countries, with widespread corruption and incomplete reforms undermining public trust in government and the private sector.

With respect to the economic transition, Eurasian economies are still highly dependent on primary commodities and have weak trade and investment ties outside the region. While lack of reform in some countries (e.g. Turkmenistan and Belarus) has contributed to their economic isolation, economic policy reform has been appreciable in most Eurasian countries where the focus is now on implementing "second generation" reforms and addressing problems of competitiveness and job creation. Regarding the social transition, the rapid growth of HIV/AIDS, poor health conditions, and poverty and income inequality are growing concerns, as are the depletion of human capital coupled with lack of opportunities for youth. The costly and inefficient health, education, pension, and social safety net systems based on the soviet model need major overhaul.

The USAID Program: The regional program in Eurasia supports multi-country and region-wide interventions that promote the achievement of bilateral assistance goals, but cannot be easily funded bilaterally. The regional program focuses on four distinct types of activities: 1) analytical efforts which support strategic budgeting and performance monitoring; 2) economic and democracy initiatives which promote regional integration; 3) Administration priorities and Congressionally-mandated programs, particularly in health such women's reproductive health and as HIV/AIDS prevention; and, 4) social capital and public/private alliance initiatives that foster irreversible reform.

1) Under sector-specific and cross-cutting program support objectives USAID will carry out an analytical agenda to strengthen strategic budgeting and program effectiveness. Activities will include monitoring and analysis of country progress, implementing a modest regional evaluation program, participant training oversight, carrying out various sector-specific analyses, and maintaining two regional technical support and training contracts.

2) Activities under the economic growth rubric foster exchange of experiences and innovative approaches to developing trade networks, fostering competitiveness and meeting international accounting standards. Initiatives will provide regional support to business service providers, encourage market competitiveness, accelerate financial market integration through the harmonization of financial market regulations, and promote the development of financial instruments that meet international standards. Other activities will include accounting reform, anti-corruption activities, and regional support for more efficient and reliable energy systems. Under the democracy rubric, the Bureau will continue to support activities in civil society and rule of law. Activities will focus on promoting independent media, non-governmental organization (NGO) sustainability, and supporting judicial reform and training.

3) USAID will continue to carry out a number of activities to assist in the social transition. These include efforts directed at infectious disease control, including tuberculosis control, HIV/AIDS, reproductive health and iodine deficiency. In addition, the USAID will continue to support improved health access through medical partnerships and access to the Global Fund for HIV/AIDS. To combat trafficking in persons, USAID will support the establishment of a regional anti-trafficking partnership.

4) USAID will also support innovative regional initiatives aimed at fostering reform through strengthening values, and enhancing public/private alliances as part of the Global Development Alliance (GDA) effort.

Other Program Elements: The Eurasia regional program complements bilateral assistance programs

and does not contain other program elements of its own.

Other Donors: Other donors are discussed in the country overviews of the bilateral programs supported by the regional program.

Eurasia Regional PROGRAM SUMMARY

(in thousands of dollars)

Accounts	FY 2003 Actual	FY 2004 Actual	FY 2005 Current	FY 2006 Request
FREEDOM Support Act	44,155	36,090	43,220	46,750
Total Program Funds	44,155	36,090	43,220	46,750

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE SUMMARY				
110-0120 Fiscal Reform				
FSA	351	1,372	145	177
110-0130 Private Enterprise Development				
FSA	558	1,471	549	760
110-0140 Strengthening the Financial Sector				
FSA	402	573	88	465
110-0150 Sustainable Energy Systems				
FSA	1,208	898	1,045	1,250
110-0160 Better Environmental Management				
FSA	391	994	720	650
110-0200 Democracy and Governance				
FSA	0	0	424	1,027
110-0210 Civil Society				
FSA	571	895	0	0
110-0220 Rule of Law				
FSA	1,410	1,438	0	0
110-0230 Local Government and Urban Development				
FSA	508	235	0	0
110-0320 Health Promotion and Care				
FSA	6,040	4,562	1,260	1,660
110-0340 Social Sector Reform				
FSA	490	670	436	700
110-0420 Cross-Cutting Programs				
FSA	6,238	1,822	5,411	3,371
123-0310 Strengthened Humanitarian Responses to Crises				
FSA	1,987	2,000	2,000	1,750
TRANSFER				
FSA	24,001	19,160	31,142	34,940

Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator,
Roberta
Mahoney

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Eurasia Regional
Program Title:	Fiscal Reform
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	110-0120
Status:	Program Support Objective
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$145,000 FSA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$420,000 FSA
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$177,000 FSA
Year of Initial Obligation:	1997
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2006

Summary: USAID's regional fiscal reform program improves economic policy and governance in the region through the development, support and expansion of regional networks and linkages of national institutions and professionals and the use of new and refined analytic tools for measuring and monitoring regional and country progress based on international standards and other benchmarks.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$145,000 FSA, \$420,000 FSA carryover). This program component enhances regional transparency and accountability in the areas of anticorruption and regional accounting reform. Working with international, regional, and national accounting institutions and others, this activity promotes regional networking, linkages, transfer of knowledge, and monitoring of regional progress against quantitative and qualitative benchmarks. This activity supports Global Development Alliances aimed at ensuring the sustainability of the Certified International Professional Accountant (CIPA) program in the FSA region. By promoting the education, testing, and certification of accounting professionals in FSA countries founded on corruption-free protocols and internationally recognized values, principles, and professional standards, including standards of ethical conduct, and by providing technical expert advice not available within USAID for management of regional projects and mission support, and by building alliances among and with international, regional, and national associations, the region-wide CIPA program and related regional activities increase fiscal transparency and accountability regionally and prevent corruption and promote integrity in the accounting profession and in and in the public and private sector entities they represent and audit. This activity also supports the use of new analytic benchmarking tools to measure and monitor progress regionally against international standards and other benchmarks and indicators of progress. Through results obtained from implementation and evaluation of field work and related regional activities, this activity provides USAID Missions with refined, practice-oriented diagnostic, analytical, and other programming tools to combat corruption and promote integrity in targeted sectors and related public and private sector institutions based on the Europe and Eurasia Bureau's strategic framework for combating corruption (Transparency-Accountability-Prevention-Enforcement-Education or "T A P E E". This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Contractors/grantees: Carana Corporation and University Research Corporation - The IRIS Center, University of Maryland (primes).

FY 2006 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$177,000 FSA). This program component will be supported by program-funded technical staff and related support.

Performance and Results: USAID's fiscal reform activities are improving economic policy and

governance in the region through achievement of results that promote transparency and accountability and combat corruption and foster integrity in targeted public and private sector institutions, relationships, and transactions. The regional anti-corruption sub-component is generating, testing, implementing, refining, and evaluating new, practice-oriented diagnostic, analytical, and other programming tools tailored to the specific anti-corruption programming needs of USAID field missions. The regional accounting reform sub-component is promoting the implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards and harmonization through benchmarking and the development, expansion and sustainability of alliances between and among international, regional, and national associations and institutions committed to promoting financial transparency and accountability in the region.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Eurasia Regional

110-0120 Fiscal Reform	FSA
Through September 30, 2003	
Obligations	3,945
Expenditures	2,479
Unliquidated	1,466
Fiscal Year 2004	
Obligations	1,003
Expenditures	1,202
Through September 30, 2004	
Obligations	4,948
Expenditures	3,681
Unliquidated	1,267
Prior Year Unobligated Funds	
Obligations	420
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA	
Obligations	145
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005	

Obligations	565
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA	
Obligations	177
Future Obligations	0
Est. Total Cost	5,690

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Eurasia Regional
Program Title:	Private Enterprise Development
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	110-0130
Status:	Program Support Objective
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$549,000 FSA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$287,000 FSA
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$760,000 FSA
Year of Initial Obligation:	1996
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2006

Summary: Building on existing bi-lateral competitiveness activities, assistance under this program support objective promotes the competitiveness of small- and medium-sized enterprises in the region.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Increase Private Sector Growth. (\$549,000 FSA, \$287,000 FSA carryover). The Regional Competitiveness Initiative aims to increase the competitiveness of small and medium sized enterprises in the region. It builds on, complements, and adds a regional dimension to existing bi-lateral programs.

Contacts with industry and agricultural firms are being pursued throughout the region through the bilateral programs to identify clusters of businesses that are capable and committed to working together to produce quality products that respond to the demands of the markets in the region and beyond. Up to six industry clusters, either on a regional or country specific level will be selected for technical assistance. Opportunities to bring business, government, and civil society leaders together to increase the competitiveness of their countries and regions through regional competitiveness consultative councils will be developed and supported. In order to measure progress, assistance will be provided to include countries of the region in the annual Global Competitiveness Report published by the World Economic Forum. Technical assistance will be provided to all participating clusters on the standardization and harmonization of their products for international trade. Contractor: Chemonics and Segura/IP3 (primes).

This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities.

FY 2006 Program: Increase Private Sector Growth (\$760,000 FSA). The assistance to selected industry clusters will continue. USAID will work with the groupings of businesses to better understand the demands of the markets, to improve the business environment directly impacting the cluster, to improve the productivity and value up and down the supply chain, and to participate actively in cross border trade. Efforts to link business, government and civil society leaders will be continued. Contractor: same as FY 2005.

Performance and Results: Nearly all USAID bilateral and regional private sector programs have focused significant resources on improving the environment for private sector economic growth. Participation in a Regional Competitiveness workshop in Macedonia in September 2004 provided an introduction to the regional Competitiveness Initiative contractor Segura/IP3 and provided initial inputs to the work plan. This was followed by staff visits to seven countries and consultations with local missions and bilateral program implementers and resulted in the identification of three regional initiatives that will become the initial focus of the program: customs standardization, an information and communications technology cluster, and a processed food cluster.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Eurasia Regional

110-0130 Private Enterprise Development	ESF	FSA
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	15,092	76,754
Expenditures	15,008	74,735
Unliquidated	84	2,019
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	0	1,491
Expenditures	0	1,349
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	15,092	78,245
Expenditures	15,008	76,084
Unliquidated	84	2,161
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	287
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	0	549
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	0	836
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	760
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	15,092	79,841

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Eurasia Regional
Program Title:	Strengthening the Financial Sector
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	110-0140
Status:	Program Support Objective
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$88,000 FSA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$460,000 FSA
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$465,000 FSA
Year of Initial Obligation:	1992
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2006

Summary: The purpose of activities under program support objective is the development of sound, vibrant, private and competitive financial sectors in Eurasia countries which promote growing financial intermediation in support of private sector development and sustainable economic growth. The focus of the regional activities is on the introduction of new products to broaden and deepen the financial sector, cross-border trading and risk management, institutional development and capacity building of financial and regulatory institutions, and anti-money laundering activities. A key element in all the programs is regional harmonization and meeting international standards to ensure faster integration of financial markets into the international financial system.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Strengthen Financial Sector Contribution to Growth (\$88,000 FSA, \$460,000 FSA carryover). Under the Partners for Financial Stability Expanded (PFS-E) program assessments will be done in a select group of countries, e.g., Ukraine, Georgia, Armenia and Russia, which could benefit the earliest from a regional approach to promoting financial sector modernization and deepening. The focus, as in Southeast Europe, will be on practical ways to harmonize financial market and related laws, policies, and practices based on international standards. The primary PFS-E activities are expected to be technical assistance for mortgage finance, municipal finance, bank supervision/restructuring, non-bank financial sector supervision, financial crimes and anti-money laundering, debt finance for small and medium enterprises (SMEs), risk management, and pension reform. There will also be a focus on the role of the judiciary in the adjudication and enforcement of laws and regulations in these areas. In addition to assessments, financial sector experts and counterparts in Eurasia countries will be invited to participate in some of the workshops and seminars that will take place in Southeast Europe. The PFS-E program, through regional workshops and assessments, the establishment of regional working groups and networks, innovative pilot programs, knowledge management and the promotion of regional private sector funds, is designed to catalyze the private and public financial sector actors and institutions in the Europe and Eurasia region to promote and advocate change. This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Primary contractor is To Be Determined (TBD).

FY 2006 Program: Strengthen Financial Sector Contribution to Growth (\$465,000 FSA) Under the Partners for Financial Stability Expanded (PFS-E) program assistance will fund an estimated 4-6 regional workshops and training sessions, and begin the establishment of regional working groups and networks which include public and private financial sector experts and practitioners from the region. Primary contractor/s TBD.

Performance and Results: PFS-E will begin in the region in FY 2005. Plans have been made to begin country by country assessment in the region.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Eurasia Regional

110-0140 Strengthening the Financial Sector	ESF	FSA
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	174	15,214
Expenditures	174	14,832
Unliquidated	0	382
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	0	480
Expenditures	0	365
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	174	15,694
Expenditures	174	15,197
Unliquidated	0	497
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	460
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	0	88
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	0	548
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	465
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	174	16,707

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Eurasia Regional
Program Title:	Sustainable Energy Systems
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	110-0150
Status:	Program Support Objective
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$1,045,000 FSA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$180,000 FSA
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$1,250,000 FSA
Year of Initial Obligation:	1991
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2007

Summary: The regional energy program increases regional cooperation in electricity, heat, energy efficiency, and natural gas, and promotes harmonization of regulatory and market development to facilitate trade and investment.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$545,000 FSA, \$121,000 FSA carryover). Energy regulatory capacities will be strengthened through the development of professional, independent energy regulatory organizations which are essential to attract investment and create efficient, effective, transparent, and financially viable energy systems in this region. Seven countries in Eurasia have established such bodies and are members of the Energy Regulators Regional Association (ERRA). A Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissions (NARUC) supports the ERRA professional development activities and regulatory exchanges. The regulators work together on practical, common issues in tariff policy and implementation, licensing and standards, market design and operation, public involvement and anti-corruption. They collaborate to develop training that increases the capabilities of new and existing regulators and staff. Since ERRA includes thirteen Central European countries, it serves as a useful mechanism to keep the Eurasia regulators up-to-date on regulatory developments related to European Union (EU) accession. The FY 2005 program will focus on the establishment of institutional arrangements to expand training development and delivery and activities to move ERRA towards greater financial sustainability and cost-sharing. Expanded collaboration is planned with the Council of European Energy Regulators (CEER), which participates in selected ERRA activities at their own expense. This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Implementer: NARUC (prime).

Expand and Improve Access to Economic and Social Infrastructure (\$500,000 FSA, \$59,000 FSA carryover). Policy and technical support will be provided for regional analyses on energy infrastructure development issues including the initial development of the capacity in the Eurasia region to carry out transmission system investment planning for increased electricity trade in the Black Sea Region. In addition this component will finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and manage regional projects. This component also will focus on East-West energy system integration issues in electricity and natural gas as part of an overall effort involving USAID Europe and Eurasia missions. This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Implementer: The U.S. Energy Association (prime).

The energy efficiency program is focusing on assessments of urban heating and the introduction of energy efficiency to help low income households meet increasing energy costs. A comprehensive urban heating study will provide historical analysis highlighting some best practices and success stories, identifying current needs and examining the implications for USAID's economic, democratic, and social transition programs, including municipal fiscal impacts. Work on Residential/Low Income Household issues will focus on effective ways to use energy efficiency improvements in housing and apply them to the needs of vulnerable households. The documented experience will be broadly disseminated to

municipalities and municipal associations; heating enterprises; homeowner associations; energy regulators; social welfare officials; and others. Efforts will be made to suggest a specific approach that could be incorporated into international financial institutions' lending in one or two countries. Implementer: Alliance to Save Energy (prime).

FY 2006 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$500,000 FSA). Assistance will support the Energy Regulatory Regional Association (ERRA) to improve energy regulatory policy and capacities among the Eurasia energy regulators. The emphasis in FY 2006 will be on implementing the institutional arrangements to expand training development and delivery and activities that seek to move ERRA towards greater financial sustainability and cost-sharing. Targeted policy and institutional workshops will be included to address the priority needs of Eurasian regulatory bodies. In order to provide access to broader electricity regulatory and market practices in the EU and its new member countries, expanded collaboration is planned with the Council of European Energy Regulators (CEER), which is participating in selected ERRA activities at their own expense. Implementer: NARUC (prime).

Expand and Improve Access to Economic and Social Infrastructure (\$750,000 FSA). Policy and technical support will focus on deepening the investment planning and analysis of regional electricity transmission options and trading arrangements designed to promote greater electricity trade among Eurasian countries and between Eurasia and Central and South East Europe. The technical support will provide critical expertise to support mission programs and manage regional contracts. Implementer: The U.S. Energy Association (prime).

With respect to energy efficiency, the program will apply the lessons of the urban heating and energy affordability studies to Eurasia by preparing model policies and by working with communal service enterprises on effective methods to reduce residential heating requirements and provide targeted assistance to vulnerable households. Implementer: Alliance to Save Energy (prime).

Performance and Results: USAID regional energy programs have achieved significant results by focusing resources on strategic regional institutional development. For example, a success story has been the rapid and continued development of ERRA to include 22 member national energy regulatory bodies from Europe and Eurasia. It has quickly achieved regional and international recognition and has improved the knowledge, capability, and credibility of the new energy regulatory agencies in the countries and in the region.

The region-wide Municipal Network for Energy Efficiency (MUNEE), a network of committed NGOs, municipalities, and municipal associations has been established through which lessons in municipal efficiency and heat projects have been disseminated and municipal capabilities increased. MUNEE addresses the critical issues of heat supply and energy efficiency in municipalities and its network seeks to develop effective approaches for increasing commercial financing and investment for municipal energy efficiency projects. The network is designed to share successful examples with countries in Southeast Europe and the former Soviet Union about how municipalities can cut heat and energy costs and instead devote increased resources to providing essential public services.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Eurasia Regional

110-0150 Sustainable Energy Systems	ESF	FSA
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	1,769	22,808
Expenditures	1,769	21,264
Unliquidated	0	1,544
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	0	1,005
Expenditures	0	967
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	1,769	23,813
Expenditures	1,769	22,231
Unliquidated	0	1,582
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	180
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	0	1,045
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	0	1,225
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	1,250
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	1,769	26,288

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Eurasia Regional
Program Title:	Better Environmental Management
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	110-0160
Status:	Program Support Objective
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$720,000 FSA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$501,000 FSA
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$650,000 FSA
Year of Initial Obligation:	1993
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2007

Summary: Abuse of the environment and the failure to price water and public services under socialist governments both took their toll on the infrastructure and environmental quality of former communist nations in Eurasia. The transition to free markets provides unique opportunities to end subsidies which waste power, water, and raw materials and to create efficient public utilities and introduce innovative approaches to incorporating efficiencies of cleaner production into the industrial cycle. This program develops partnerships between U.S. firms and businesses and municipalities to solve environmental problems and promotes both domestic capital markets and private sector investment in public infrastructure across the region.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Expand and Improve Access to Economic and Social Infrastructure (\$510,000 FSA, \$72,000 FSA carryover, \$329,000 FSA prior year recoveries).

Infrastructure Reform and Finance (IRF) Project: Mobilizing capital for public infrastructure across the former socialist nations of Europe and Eurasia is one of the greatest challenges facing the region. Nothing is more fundamental to securing a healthy population and a growing economy than clean water, reliable power, and transportation that enables goods to flow freely. The capital for these increasingly needs to come from domestic sources. During its second year the IRF Project will update sector and country analyses and focus on designing strategic interventions for USAID Missions which leverage the Agency's unique capabilities and the larger capital capacities of international investors, multi-lateral development banks, and the citizens of the affected countries. This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Contractor: Segura/IP3 Partners (prime).

Reduce, Prevent and Mitigate Pollution (\$210,000 FSA, \$100,000 FSA carryover)

Environmental impact compliance: Each USAID activity must go through environmental impact review prior to obligation. The E&E Bureau processes over 150 impact reviews annually. This funding provides technical support to ensure that potentially significant adverse environmental impacts are identified prior to project start-up and mitigated to acceptable levels. Also, during this year an analysis of the impacts of privatization and land tenure changes will be completed. This component will also finance technical expertise to support and complement mission programs and capabilities and to help manage regional activities. Contractor to be determined.

Improve Sustainable Management of Natural Resources and Biodiversity Conservation. This element of the program provides critical technical expertise in land tenure and biodiversity conservation to support and complement mission program and capabilities. Contractor: USDA (prime).

FY 2006 Program: Expand and Improve Access to Economic and Social Infrastructure (\$500,000 FSA). Infrastructure Reform and Finance Project: This final year of this three-year strategic support contract will focus on transferring the capability to conduct updates to sector and country analyses to host countries and USAID Missions, designing new strategic interventions for USAID Missions and evaluating ongoing

infrastructure programs in Missions. Contractor: Segura/IP3 Partners (prime).

Reduce, Prevent and Mitigate Pollution (\$150,000 FSA). This funding will continue to provide technical support, helping to ensure that potentially significant adverse environmental impacts are identified prior to project start-up and mitigated to acceptable levels. Contractor to be determined.

Performance and Results: The E&E Bureau processes over 150 impact reviews annually. While no programs were significantly delayed or cancelled due to environmental compliance requirements, many were brought into compliance by careful design of mitigation measures to ensure minimal environmental damage while still meeting USAID development objectives. Multi-lateral development bank activities in the region were reviewed to ensure compliance with the Title XIII Pelosi Amendment.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Eurasia Regional

110-0160 Better Environmental Management	ESF	FSA
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	3	17,858
Expenditures	3	16,517
Unliquidated	0	1,341
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	0	1,092
Expenditures	0	847
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	3	18,950
Expenditures	3	17,364
Unliquidated	0	1,586
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	501
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	0	720
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	0	1,221
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	650
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	3	20,821

