

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Nepal
Program Title:	Build Capacity of Critical Institutions
Pillar:	Global Health
Strategic Objective:	367-ZZZ
Status:	New in FY 2007
Planned FY 2006 Obligation:	\$0
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$0
Proposed FY 2007 Obligation:	\$10,566,000 CSH; \$1,500,000 DA
Year of Initial Obligation:	2007
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2009

Summary: In FY 2007, USAID will implement a new strategic objective to strengthen the capacity of institutions that are fundamental to resolving the conflict, lasting recovery, and transformational development. The program will focus on strengthening the Government of Nepal's (GON) ability to provide basic services to its citizens, thereby enhancing the legitimacy and effectiveness of local and national government and preventing a destabilizing withdrawal of essential services. All technical areas within this objective will emphasize increased coverage of services to disadvantaged and marginalized groups and increased community participation in decision making.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2006 Program:

Improve Child Survival, Health and Nutrition. New in FY 2007.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition. New in FY 2007.

Promote And Support Anti-Corruption Reforms. New in FY 2007.

Strengthen the Justice Sector. New in FY 2007.

Support Family Planning. New in FY 2007.

FY 2007 Program:

Improve Child Survival, Health, and Nutrition (\$3,800,000 CSH). USAID's health sector interventions will be targeted to build local and national government capacity, address sources of fragility, and stabilize communities by saving the lives of thousands of Nepalese women and children each year. The program will support the GON's efforts to reduce mortality and morbidity; strengthen and expand service delivery; increase availability of health commodities; and improve the well-being of women and youth through health education programs. In particular, USAID will build the GON's capacity to deliver and sustain integrated child health programs such as vitamin A supplementation and treatment of diarrhea and pneumonia. Principal Implementers: To Be Determined (TBD).

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$1,165,000 CSH). USAID will support efforts to establish community and household-based models to deliver maternal and newborn health care services in areas impacted by the nine year conflict. Through technical training and support, female community health volunteers will be prepared to play a role in these maternal and child health interventions, particularly in areas heavily affected by the conflict. USAID will increase its efforts to ensure that marginalized populations, constrained by issues of accessibility, conflict, or caste/ethnic discrimination, are represented in local groups that manage service delivery and receive the relevant services to improve the quality of their lives. Principal Implementers: Save the Children and Johns Hopkins University.

Promote And Support Anti-Corruption Reforms (\$750,000 DA). USAID will support state anti-corruption entities that exercise investigation and prosecutorial authority for public official corruption cases, an anti-corruption tribunal, and a center that surveys and reports on public officials' assets. Other public entities,

civil society groups, and the media may receive program assistance for their functions that complement or contribute positively to anti-corruption efforts. USAID will tie these government-level initiatives to activities promoting media and civil society advocacy and engagement in anti-corruption reforms. USAID will also initiate programs to curb private sector corruption. Principal Implementers: TBD.

Strengthen the Justice Sector (\$750,000 DA). USAID initiatives in this sector will promote equal treatment of all people before the law and help ensure human rights through improving the administration of justice in court, building the capacity of the public defense system, introducing court-referred mediation to speed the justice system, and building upon the success of USAID's alternative dispute resolution activity. USAID's rule of law program will also address access to justice and human rights protection, which have been severely hampered by the conflict. Principal Implementer: TBD.

Support Family Planning (\$5,601,000 CSH). USAID will build on its successful partnership with the government to deliver family planning and health education programs. In reaching approximately 11 million men and women of reproductive age, these programs will further reduce fertility beyond the 20% reduction over the past 10 years. With the GON, USAID will address the large unmet need for family planning and improve the quality of services in the private and public sectors. All family planning assistance agreements incorporate clauses that implement the President's directive restoring the Mexico City policy. Principal Implementers: TBD.

Performance and Results: USAID will work to demonstrate improvements in investigations and prosecutions for public official and corruption cases, establish a well-functioning anti-corruption tribunal, increase regular public reporting on public officials' assets, and extend the reach of anti-corruption activities from Kathmandu into the most corruption prone districts. USAID will strengthen service delivery through the public and private sectors, implement effective community models to deliver maternal and newborn life saving services, and increase availability of health commodities. Achievements will be demonstrated through service statistics and surveys reflecting improved well-being of women, children, and youth. These results will lead to reductions in mortality, morbidity, and fertility which will be demonstrated in the next Demographic Health Survey in 2011. Health programs will show improved government capacity to deliver essential services, thereby enhancing government legitimacy and effectiveness. USAID will demonstrate increased protection of human rights through improved administration of justice in court and increased capacity of the public defense system.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Nepal

	CSH	DA
367-ZZZ Build Capacity of Critical Institutions		
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	0
Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Through September 30, 2005		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	0
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	0
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2006		
Obligations	0	0
Proposed Fiscal Year 2007 NOA		
Obligations	10,566	1,500
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	10,566	1,500